Interim Condensed Balance Sheet

(All amounts are in INR million unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	As at December 31, 2024	As at December 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2024
ASSETS				
Non-current assets				
Deferred tax assets (net)	5	-	5.97 5.97	-
			5.97	-
Current assets				
Financial assets				
- Trade receivables	6	5.08	17.93	13.15
- Cash and cash equivalents	7	8.39	36.53	10.80
Other current financial assets	8	0.50	0.44	4.30
ncome tax assets (net)	9	0.28	0.34 55.24	0.34 28.5 9
TOTAL		14.25	61.21	28.59
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
E QUITY Equity share capital	10A	0.04	0.04	0.04
Other equity	10A 10B	(76.10)	(61.68)	(71.14)
Stick equity	100	(76.06)	(61.64)	(71.10)
IABILITIES				
Non- current liabilities				
Financial liabilities				
Borrowings	11	65.45	40.08	41.50
		65.45	40.08	41.50
Current liabilities				
Financial liabilities				
- Trade payables	12	20.34	78.52	55.86
Other current liabilities	13	4.52	4.25	2.33
		24.86	82.77	58.19
TOTAL		14.25	61.21	28.59
Summary of material accounting policies	1-3			
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the	4-20			
interim condensed financial statements				
As per our report of even date attached				
For Ahuja Valecha & Associates LLP			For and on behalf of the B	
Chartered Accountants			Digitalagility S. DE R.L. de	C.V .
Firm Reg. No.126791W/W100132				
			Duarria Tauda	
Ankit Shah Partner			Pravin Tarde Manager	
Membership No.: 118976			ואומוומצבו	

Place: Pune Date : January 20, 2025

Interim Condensed Statement of Profit and Loss

(All amounts are in INR million unless otherwise stated except earnings per share)

	Notes	For the period October 01, 2024 to December 31, 2024	For the period October 01, 2023 to December 31, 2023	For the period April 01, 2024 to December 31, 2024	For the period April 01, 2023 to December 31, 2023	For the year April 01, 2023 to March 31, 2024
		December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2024	December 51, 2025	IVIAICII 51, 2024
Income						
Revenue from operations (net)	14	0.83	-	5.61	5.78	8.56
Other income	15	-	0.39	-	-	-
Total income (A)		0.83	0.39	5.61	5.78	8.56
Finance costs	16	0.57	0.82	0.49	1.39	2.31
Other expenses	17	18.46	23.41	22.87	20.49	24.10
Total expenses (B)	•	19.03	24.23	23.36	21.88	26.41
Profit/ (loss) before tax (A - B)		(18.20)	(23.84)	(17.75)	(16.10)	(17.85)
Tax expense	-	(10.20)	(20104)	(17775)	(10.10)	(17.05)
Current tax		-	(1.35)	-	-	-
Deferred tax charge / (credit)		-	(5.80)	-	(4.83)	0.98
Total tax expense	•	-	(7.15)	-	(4.83)	0.98
Net profit/ (loss) for the period (C)		(18.20)	(16.69)	(17.75)	(11.27)	(18.83)
	:					
Other comprehensive income						
Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (E)						
 Exchange differences in translating the financial statements of foreign operations 	4	3.12	(2.88)	13.94	(4.33)	(6.22)
Total other comprehensive income for the period (D) + (E)		3.12	(2.88)	13.94	(4.33)	(6.22)
Total comprehensive income for the period (C) + (D) + (E)		(15.08)	(19.57)	(3.81)	(15.60)	(25.05)
	-					
Earnings per equity share	18					
[Nominal value of share MXN 1						
- Basic (In ₹)		(1,819.75)	(1,669.05)	(1,774.54)	(1,127.05)	(1,883.00)
Diluted (In ₹)		(1,819.75)	(1,669.05)	(1,774.54)	(1,127.05)	(1,883.00)
Summary of material accounting policies	1-3					
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the interim condensed financial statements	4-20					
As per our report of even date attached						
For Ahuja Valecha & Associates LLP			For and on behalf of the			
Chartered Accountants		I	Digitalagility S. DE R.L. d	le C.V .		
Firm Reg. No.126791W/W100132						
Ankit Shah		I	Pravin Tarde			
Partner		I	Manager			
Membership No.: 118976						
Place: Pune			Place : USA			
···· · ·						

Date : January 20, 2025

Digitalagility S. DE R.L. de C.V . Interim Condensed Cash Flow Statement

(All amounts are in INR million unless otherwise stated)

		For the period October 01, 2024 to	For the period October 01, 2023 to	For the year April 01, 2023 to
		December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2024
(Loss) before tax		(18.20)	(23.84)	(17.85
Adjustments for:				
Foreign currency translation reserve		1.74	(1.43)	(2.20
Provision for doubtful debts (net)		-	13.06	13.33
Finance costs		0.57	0.82	2.31
Operating profit before working capital changes		(15.89)	(11.39)	(4.41
Movements in working capital :			(/	•
(Increase) / decrease in trade receivables		(2.98)	32.09	10.45
(Increase) / decrease in other current financial assets and		0.21	(0.35)	(4.30
other current assets			()	(
Increase /(decrease) in trade payables and current liabilities		3.67	16.16	-
Increase/(Decrease) in other financial liabilities		-	-	13.57
Increase /(decrease) in current liabilities		4.35	(7.47)	13.57
Increase/(decrease) in provisions		4.55	(7.47)	-
			29.04	(5.29 10.02
Operating profit/(loss) after working capital changes		(10.64)		
Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)	(*)		(1.00)	(0.08
Net cash generated/(used) from operating activities	(A)	(10.64)	28.04	9.94
Cash flow from investing activities				
Foreign exchange rate difference			-	-
Net cash generated investing activities	(B)	-	-	-
Cash flow from financing activities				
Proceeds from Long term borrowings		5.58	1.93	-
Interest paid		(0.57)	-	-
Net cash generated from financing activities	(B)	5.01	1.93	-
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A + B))	(5.63)	29.97	9.94
Cash and cash equivalents as at beginning of the period		14.02	6.56	0.86
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period		8.39	36.53	10.80
Components of cash and cash equivalents		As at December 31, 2024	As at December 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2024
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Cash on hand Balances with banks		-	-	-
		8 30	26 52	10.00
- on savings account		8.39	36.53	10.80
Cash and cash equivalents		8.39	36.53	10.80
Summary of material accounting policies	1-3			
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the interim condensed financial statements	4-20			
As per our report of even date attached				
For Ahuja Valecha & Associates LLP			or and on behalf of the Boa	
Chartered Accountants		C	Digitalagility S. DE R.L. de C.	ν.
Firm Reg. No.126791W/W100132				
Ankit Shah		F	Pravin Tarde	
Partner		Ν	Manager	
Membership No.: 118976				
Place: Pune		F	Place : USA	

Place: Pune Date : January 20, 2025

Digitalagility S. DE R.L. de C.V. Interim Condensed Statement of Changes in Equity (All amounts are in INR million unless otherwise stated)

A. Share capital

Balance as at April 01, 2023	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at December 31, 2023
0.04	-	0.04
0.04	-	0.04
Balance as at December 31, 2023	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at March 31, 2024
0.04	-	0.04
0.04	-	0.04
Balance as at April 01, 2024	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at December 31, 2024
0.04	-	0.04
0.04	-	0.04

B. Other Equity

Particulars	Reserves and surplus	<u>Items of other</u> comprehensive income	Total
	Retained earnings	Foreign currency translation	Total
	Retailleu earlings	reserve	
Balance as at April 01, 2023	(38.82)	(7.58)	(46.40)
Net profit for the period	(11.27)	-	(11.27)
Other comprehensive income for the period	0.32	(4.33)	(4.01)
Balance at December 31, 2023	(49.77)	(11.91)	(61.68)
Net loss for the period	(7.57)	-	(7.57)
Other comprehensive income for the period	-	(1.89)	(1.89)
Balance at March 31, 2024	(57.34)	(13.80)	(71.14)
Net loss for the period	(17.75)	-	(17.75)
Foreign currency translation	(1.15)	13.94	12.79
Balance at December 31, 2024	(76.24)	0.14	(76.10)

a) Foreign currency translation reserve

The exchange differences arising from the translation of financial statements with functional currency other than Indian rupees is recognised in other comprehensive income, net of taxes and is presented within equity in the foreign currency translation reserve.

Summary of material accounting policies	1-3
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the interim condensed financial statements	4-20

As per our report of even date attached

For Ahuja Valecha & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants

Firm Reg. No.126791W/W100132

Ankit Shah Partner Membership No.: 118976

Place: Pune Date : January 20, 2025 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **Digitalagility S. DE R.L. de C.V**.

Pravin Tarde Manager

1. Nature of operations

Digitalagility S. DE R.L. de C.V. (a Mexico based wholly owned subsidiary of MediaAgility Inc.). The Company is a digital consulting Company with the vision of making work meaningful for all. The Company is a premier Google Cloud partner across Cloud, Maps, G Suite with Google certified specialists on board and the Data Analytics & Location-based Services specialization awarded by Google Cloud, the Company is a full spectrum digital consulting firm creating AL and Analytics based innovative solutions, building conversational intelligence and designing powerful operational intelligence and machine learning capabilities for customers.

2. Basis of preparation

The interim condensed financial statements for the period ended December 31, 2024 of the Company have been prepared solely for the purpose of consolidation with the Holding Company. These have been prepared on an accrual basis and under the historical cost convention except for certain financial instruments which have been measured at fair value. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of consideration given in exchange of goods and services. The accounting policies are consistently applied by the Company during the year and are consistent with those used in previous year except where a newly issued accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

Statement of compliance

These interim condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Ind AS 34 Interim Financial Reporting for the period ended October 01, 2024 to December 31, 2024 as notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 read with Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013.

3. Summary of material accounting policies

(a) Functional currency

The Company's functional currency is Mexican Pesos.

(b) Use of estimates

The preparation of the interim condensed financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the end of year. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods.

(c) Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is current when it is:

- · Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- · Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current assets.

A liability is current when:

- · It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;

• It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as Non-current liabilities.

Critical accounting estimates

i) Revenue recognition

The Company uses the percentage-of-completion method in accounting for its fixed-price contracts. Use of the percentage-of-completion method requires the Company to estimate the efforts or costs expended to date as a proportion of the total efforts or costs to be expended. Efforts or costs expended have been used to measure progress towards completion. Provisions for estimated losses, if any, on uncompleted contracts are recorded in the period in which such losses become probable based on the expected contract estimates at the reporting date.

Further, the Company uses significant judgement while determining the transaction price allocated to performance obligations using the expected cost plus margin approach.

i amounts are in INR million uni

ii) Income taxes

The Company's tax jurisdictions is in Mexico. Significant judgements are involved in determining the provision for income taxes.

(d) Expected credit loss:

The Company has considered the current and anticipated future economic conditions relating to industries the Company deals with and the countries where it operates. In calculating expected credit loss, the Company has also considered related credit information for its customers to estimate the probability of default in future using the forward-looking approach as prescribed by Ind AS 109.

(e) Intangible assets

Intangible assets including software licenses of enduring nature and contractual rights acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises the purchase price and any directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.

Gains or losses arising from disposal of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is disposed.

Following the initial recognition, internally generated intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Amortization of internally generated intangible asset begins when the development is complete and the asset is available for use.

iii) Impairment

i) Financial assets

The Company applies Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on financial assets measured at amortized cost and financial assets that are debts instruments and are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI). ECL is the difference between contractual cash flows that are due and the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

For trade receivables, the Company recognizes impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECL at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition. For other financial assets, the Company determines whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12 month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used.

ii) Non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of Property, Plant and Equipment and Goodwill are reviewed at each balance sheet date or whenever there is any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors. If any indications exist, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the Cash Generating Unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs. If the recoverable amount of an asset (or CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Recoverable amount of intangible under development that is not yet available for use is estimated at least at each financial year end even if there is no indication that the asset is impaired.

An impairment loss is recognized wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the asset's fair value and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the asset.

(f) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable taking into account the amount of any trade discounts and volume rebates allowed by the Company. Revenue is recognized to the extent it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized:

(i) Income from software services and products

The Company derives revenues primarily from sale of computer hardware, accessories and computer software.

Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration expected to receive in exchange for those products or services.

Arrangements with customers for software related services are either on a time-and-material or a fixed-price basis.

Revenue on time-and-material contracts are recognized as and when the related services are performed. Revenue from fixed-price contracts, where the performance obligations are satisfied over time and where there is no uncertainty as to measurement or collectability of consideration, is recognized as per the percentage-of-completion method. When there is uncertainty as to measurement or ultimate collectability, revenue recognition is postponed until such uncertainty is resolved.

Revenue from licenses where the customer obtains a "right to use" the licenses is recognized at the time the license is made available to the customer. Revenue from licenses where the customer obtains a "right to access" is recognized over the access period.

The Company has applied the principles under Ind AS 115 to account for revenues from these performance obligations.

When support services are provided in conjunction with the licensing arrangement and the license and the support services have been identified as two separate performance obligations, the transaction price for such contracts are allocated to each performance obligation of the contract based on their relative standalone selling prices Maintenance revenue is recognized proportionately over the period in which the services are rendered.

In the case of reselling agreements, the revenue is recognized on a net basis i.e amount paid to the vendor for reselling the products or services as reduced by the amount collected from the customer.

Unbilled revenue represents revenue recognized in relation to work done until the balance sheet date for which billing has not taken place.

Unearned revenue represents the billing in respect of contracts for which the revenue is not recognized.

(ii) Interest

Interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the carrying amount and the effective interest rate. Interest income is included under the head 'Other income' in the statement of profit and loss.

(g) Foreign currency translation

i) Foreign currency transactions and balances Initial recognition

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the functional currency viz. GBP, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

ii) Conversion

The transactions are in GBP, which are converted for reporting in Indian currency on the following basis. The equity share capital is translated on the date of transaction and fixed assets are translated at the closing rate as at the date of the balance sheet. All current assets and current liabilities are translated at the closing rate as at the date of the balance sheet. All sheet average of Inter Bank Selling Rate for the period.

The exchange difference arising out of the period / year end conversion is translated to Currency Translation Reserve and the said amount is shown under the head "Other equity".

iii) Exchange Difference

Revenue and expenses denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rate in effect on the date of the transaction. Transaction gains or losses realized upon settlement of foreign currency transactions are included in determining net profit or loss for the period in which the transaction is settled.

Exchange differences arising on conversion / settlement of foreign currency monetary items and on foreign currency liabilities relating to property, plant and equipment acquisition are recognized as income or expenses in the period in which they arise.

(h) Income taxes

Tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax. Current income tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the HM Revenue and Customs. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date. Current income tax relating to items recognized directly in equity is recognized in equity and not in the statement of profit and loss.

Deferred income taxes reflect the impact of temporary differences between tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts. Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, except deferred tax liability arising from initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, affects neither accounting nor taxable profiV loss at the time of transaction. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses, except deferred tax assets arising from initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination that is not a business combination and, affects neither accounting nor taxable profit/loss at the time of transaction. Deferred tax assets arising from initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, affects neither accounting nor taxable profit/loss at the time of transaction. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax asset is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Deferred tax relating to items recognized outside the statement of profit and loss is recognized in co-relation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

(i) Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit for the period / year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period / year. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue, share split, and reverse share split (consolidation of shares), if any occurred during the reporting period, that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit for the period/ year attributable to the equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period / year, are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

(j) Provisions

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past event; it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the reporting date. If the effect of time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. These estimates are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

(k) Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the interim condensed financial statements.

(I) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

(m) Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit / (loss) before extraordinary items and tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information.

4 Going concern

The Company had accumulated losses of Rs. 75.41 millions (previous year - Rs 57.66 millions) against an equity share capital of Rs. 0.04 millions (previous year - Rs. 0.04 millions) as at the balance sheet date, resulting in a complete erosion of the Company's Net Worth. Additionally, as at the balance sheet date, the financial statements disclose a net current liabilities over current assets of Rs 10.61 millions (previous year net current liabilities of Rs 29.60 millions).

The Company has no intention of curtailing materially the scale of operations. Further, the Company has been able to meet its obligations in the ordinary course of business through digital consultancy and as per the support letter provided by the Holding Company, it will support the Company for any working capital requirement which may arise for the next one year. Accordingly the financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Financial Statements

(All amounts are in INR million unless otherwise stated)

5 Deferred tax asset (net)

	As at	As at	As at	
	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	
Deferred tax assets				
Others	-	5.97	-	
	-	5.97	-	
Deferred tax asset (net)		5.97	-	

6 Trade receivables

	As at	As at	As at
	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2024
Others			
Unsecured, considered good	5.08	17.93	13.15
Unsecured, credit impaired	26.27	31.21	32.22
	31.35	49.14	45.37
Less : Allowance for credit loss	(26.27)	(31.21)	(32.22)
	5.08	17.93	13.15

7 Cash and cash equivalents

	As at	As at	As at
	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Balances with banks			
- On savings accounts	8.39	36.53	10.80
	8.39	36.53	10.80

8 Other current financial assets

	As at	As at	As at	
	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	
Contract assets	-	-	3.85	
Advance to vendor	0.13	-	-	
Security deposit	0.37	0.44	0.45	
	0.50	0.44	4.30	

9 Income tax asset (net)

	As at December 31, 2024	As at December 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2024
Advance tax (net)	0.28	0.34	0.34
	0.28	0.34	0.34

Digitalagility S. DE R.L. de C.V . Notes to the Interim Condensed Financial Statements

(All amounts are in INR million unless otherwise stated)

Note 10A

Share capital

	As at December 31, 2024	As at December 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2024
Authorised			
10,000 Ordinary shares of Mexican Peso 1 each	0.04	0.04	0.04
	0.04	0.04	0.04
Issued, subscribed and paid-up (In No.)			
10,000 Ordinary shares of Mexican Peso 1 each	0.04	0.04	0.04
All shares are held by Holding Company i.e. MediaAgilty Inc.			
	0.04	0.04	0.04

a) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period:

	December 3	December 31, 2024		, 2023	March 31, 2024	
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
No. of Shares at the beginning of the reporting period	10,000	0.04	10,000	0.04	10,000	0.04
Add : Additional Shares issued during the period	-	-	-	-	-	-
No. of Shares at the end of the reporting period	10,000	0.04	10,000	0.04	10,000	0.04

b) Details of shares held by promoters

December 31, 2024	No of shares held at	Changes during the	No of shares at the end of	% of Total Shares	% Change during
	beginning of quarter	quarter	quarter		the quarter
Media Agility Inc.	10,000	-	10,000	100%	-
December 31, 2023	No of shares held at	Changes during the	No of shares at the end of	% of Total Shares	% Change during
	beginning of quarter	quarter	year		the year
Media Agility Inc.	10,000	-	10,000	100%	-
As at March 31, 2024	No of shares held at	Changes during the year	No of shares at the end of	% of Total Shares	% Change during
	beginning of year		quarter		the quarter
Media Agility Inc.	10,000	-	10,000	100%	-

Note 10B

Other equity

	As at	As at	As at
	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2024
Reserves and Surplus			
Retained earnings	(75.41)	(50.09)	(57.66)
	(75.41)	(50.09)	(57.66)
Items of other comprehensive income			
Foreign currency transalation reserve	(0.69)	(11.59)	(13.48)
	(0.69)	(11.59)	(13.48)
Total Other equity	(76.10)	(61.68)	(71.14)
(i)Retained earnings			
	As at	As at	As at
	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2024
Balance as per last financial statements	(57.66)	(38.82)	(38.82)
Profit after tax for the reporting year	(17.75)	(11.27)	(18.84)
	(75.41)	(50.09)	(57.66)

(ii)Foreign currency transalation reserve

	As at	As at	As at
	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2024
Balance as per last financial statements	(13.48)	(7.58)	(7.58)
Addition/reduction during the period	12.79	(4.01)	(5.90)
	(0.69)	(11.59)	(13.48)

Notes to the Interim Condensed Financial Statements

(All amounts are in INR million unless otherwise stated)

11 Non current financial liabilities

	As at	As at	As at
	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2024
Loan from related parties (Unsecured, considered good)			
- Intercompany borrowings from MediaAgility, Inc	65.45	40.08	41.50
	65.45	40.08	41.50

12 Trade payables

	As at December 31, 2024	As at December 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2024
Trade payables for goods and services	20.34	78.52	55.86
	20.34	78.52	55.86

13 Other current liabilities

	As at	As at	As at
	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2024
Statutory dues			
- VAT payable	4.52	2.31	2.13
- IVA payable	-	1.88	0.20
Advance from customer	-	0.06	-
	4.52	4.25	2.33

Notes to the Interim Condensed Financial Statements (All amounts are in INR million unless otherwise stated)

14 Revenue from operations

	For the period	For the period	For the period	For the period	For the year
	October 01, 2024 to	October 01, 2023 to	April 01, 2024 to	April 01, 2023 to	April 01, 2023 to
	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2024
Sale of software licenses	0.83	-	5.61	5.78	8.56
	0.83	-	5.61	5.78	8.56
15 Other income					

	For the period	For the period	For the period	For the period	For the year
	October 01, 2024 to	October 01, 2023 to	April 01, 2024 to	April 01, 2023 to	April 01, 2023 to
	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2024
Other non-operating income					
Miscellaneous income	-	0.39	-	-	-
		0.39	-	-	-

16 Finance costs

	For the period	For the period	For the period	For the period	For the year
	October 01, 2024 to	October 01, 2023 to	April 01, 2024 to	April 01, 2023 to	April 01, 2023 to
	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2024
Interest expense	0.57	0.82	0.49	1.39	2.31
	0.57	0.82	0.49	1.39	2.31

17 Other expenses

	For the period	For the period	For the period	For the period	For the year
	October 01, 2024 to	October 01, 2023 to	April 01, 2024 to	April 01, 2023 to	April 01, 2023 to
	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2024
Provision for doubtful debts	-	13.06	-	13.06	13.33
Legal and professional fees	3.88	-	6.90	0.57	2.19
Office expenses	-	0.68	-	0.98	1.17
Software expenses	4.56	-	4.56	-	-
Rent	-	0.00	-	0.33	0.33
Insurance	-	-	-	-	0.01
Foreign exchange loss (net)	4.68	-	4.68	-	-
Rates and taxes	5.16	-	5.16	-	-
Miscellaneous expenses	0.18	9.67	1.57	5.55	7.07
	18.46	23.41	22.87	20.49	24.10

Notes to the Interim Condensed Financial Statements

(All amounts are in INR million unless otherwise stated except earnings per share)

18 Earnings per share

		For the period October 01, 2024 to December 31, 2024	For the period October 01, 2023 to December 31, 2023	For the period April 01, 2024 to December 31, 2024	For the period April 01, 2023 to December 31, 2023	For the year April 01, 2023 to March 31, 2024
Numerator for Basic and Diluted EPS Net Profit/ (loss) after tax	(A)	(18.20)	(16.69)	(17.75)	(11.27)	(18.83)
Denominator for Basic EPS Weighted average number of equity shares	(B)	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000
Denominator for Diluted EPS Number of equity shares	(C)	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000
Basic Earnings per share of face value of Peso 1 each (In ₹)	(A/B)	(1,819.75)	(1,669.05)	(1,774.54)	(1,127.05)	(1,883.00)
Diluted Earnings per share of face value of Peso 1 each (In ₹)	(A/C)	(1,819.75)	(1,669.05)	(1,774.54)	(1,127.05)	(1,883.00)

19 Contingent liabilities

The Company does not have any contingent liabilites for the period ended December 31, 2024

20 Corresponding period's comparatives

The comparative period's figures have been regrouped where necessary to confirm to this period's classification.

For Ahuja Valecha & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No.126791W/W100132

Ankit Shah Partner Membership No.: 118976

Place: Pune Date : January 20, 2025 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **Digitalagility S. DE R.L. de C.V**.

Pravin Tarde Manager